| 1 | ENGROSSED HOUSE |
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| | BILL NO. 2880 By: Wallace of the House |
| 2 | and |
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| 4 | Howard of the Senate |
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| 7 | An Act relating to revenue and taxation; amending 68 O.S. 2011, Section 2358, as last amended by Section |
| 8 | 5, Chapter 201, O.S.L. 2019 (68 O.S. Supp. 2020, |
| 9 | Section 2358), which relates to adjustments to taxable income and adjusted gross income; modifying |
| 10 | allowable carryover treatment for certain net operating loss deductions; modifying allowable |
| 11 | carryforward treatment for certain excess business losses; and providing an effective date. |
| 12 | |
| 13 | |
| 14 | BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA: |
| 15 | SECTION 1. AMENDATORY 68 O.S. 2011, Section 2358, as |
| 16 | last amended by Section 5, Chapter 201, O.S.L. 2019 (68 O.S. Supp. |
| 17 | 2020, Section 2358), is amended to read as follows: |
| 18 | Section 2358. For all tax years beginning after December 31, |
| 19 | 1981, taxable income and adjusted gross income shall be adjusted to |
| 20 | arrive at Oklahoma taxable income and Oklahoma adjusted gross income |
| 21 | as required by this section. |
| 22 | A. The taxable income of any taxpayer shall be adjusted to |
| 23 | arrive at Oklahoma taxable income for corporations and Oklahoma |
| 24 | adjusted gross income for individuals, as follows: |

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There shall be added interest income on obligations of any
 state or political subdivision thereto which is not otherwise
 exempted pursuant to other laws of this state, to the extent that
 such interest is not included in taxable income and adjusted gross
 income.

2. There shall be deducted amounts included in such income that
the state is prohibited from taxing because of the provisions of the
Federal Constitution, the State Constitution, federal laws or laws
of Oklahoma.

The amount of any federal net operating loss deduction shall
 be adjusted as follows:

12 a. For carryovers and carrybacks to taxable years 13 beginning before January 1, 1981, the amount of any 14 net operating loss deduction allowed to a taxpayer for 15 federal income tax purposes shall be reduced to an 16 amount which is the same portion thereof as the loss 17 from sources within this state, as determined pursuant 18 to this section and Section 2362 of this title, for 19 the taxable year in which such loss is sustained is of 20 the total loss for such year; 21 b. For carryovers and carrybacks to taxable years 22 beginning after December 31, 1980, the amount of any 23 net operating loss deduction allowed for the taxable

year shall be an amount equal to the aggregate of the

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Oklahoma net operating loss carryovers and carrybacks 1 2 to such year. Oklahoma net operating losses shall be 3 separately determined by reference to Section 172 of 4 the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 172, as 5 modified by the Oklahoma Income Tax Act, Section 2351 et seq. of this title, and shall be allowed without 6 7 regard to the existence of a federal net operating loss. For tax years beginning after December 31, 8 9 2000, and ending before January 1, 2008, the years to 10 which such losses may be carried shall be determined 11 solely by reference to Section 172 of the Internal 12 Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 172, with the 13 exception that the terms "net operating loss" and 14 "taxable income" shall be replaced with "Oklahoma net 15 operating loss" and "Oklahoma taxable income". For 16 tax years beginning after December 31, 2007, and 17 ending before January 1, 2009, years to which such 18 losses may be carried back shall be limited to two (2) 19 years. For tax years beginning after December 31, 20 2008, the years to which such losses may be carried 21 back shall be determined solely by reference to 22 Section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., 23 Section 172, with the exception that the terms "net 24 operating loss" and "taxable income" shall be replaced

| 1 | l | with "Oklahama not operating local and "Oklahama |
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| T | | with "Oklahoma net operating loss" and "Oklahoma |
| 2 | | taxable income"; provided that for Oklahoma net |
| 3 | | operating losses arising in a taxable year beginning |
| 4 | | prior to January 1, 2018, such Oklahoma net operating |
| 5 | | losses shall qualify for carryover to each taxable |
| 6 | | year following the taxable year of the loss until |
| 7 | | utilized. For tax years beginning on or after January |
| 8 | | 1, 2021, the amount of any excess business loss which |
| 9 | | is disallowed for purposes of a federal income tax |
| 10 | | return pursuant to the provisions of the Internal |
| 11 | | Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, or rules promulgated |
| 12 | | by the Internal Revenue Service but which is allowed |
| 13 | | as a carryforward in a subsequent tax year for federal |
| 14 | | income tax purposes shall be allowed as a loss for |
| 15 | | purposes of the Oklahoma income tax return in such |
| 16 | | subsequent tax year. |
| 17 | 4. Items | of the following nature shall be allocated as |
| 18 | indicated. A | llowable deductions attributable to items separately |

19 allocable in subparagraphs a, b and c of this paragraph, whether or 20 not such items of income were actually received, shall be allocated 21 on the same basis as those items:

a. Income from real and tangible personal property, such
 as rents, oil and mining production or royalties, and
 gains or losses from sales of such property, shall be

allocated in accordance with the situs of such property;

- b. Income from intangible personal property, such as interest, dividends, patent or copyright royalties, and gains or losses from sales of such property, shall be allocated in accordance with the domiciliary situs of the taxpayer, except that:
- where such property has acquired a nonunitary 8 (1)9 business or commercial situs apart from the 10 domicile of the taxpayer such income shall be 11 allocated in accordance with such business or 12 commercial situs; interest income from 13 investments held to generate working capital for 14 a unitary business enterprise shall be included 15 in apportionable income; a resident trust or 16 resident estate shall be treated as having a 17 separate commercial or business situs insofar as 18 undistributed income is concerned, but shall not 19 be treated as having a separate commercial or 20 business situs insofar as distributed income is 21 concerned,

(2) for taxable years beginning after December 31,2003, capital or ordinary gains or losses fromthe sale of an ownership interest in a publicly

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1 traded partnership, as defined by Section 7704(b) 2 of the Internal Revenue Code, shall be allocated to this state in the ratio of the original cost 3 4 of such partnership's tangible property in this 5 state to the original cost of such partnership's 6 tangible property everywhere, as determined at 7 the time of the sale; if more than fifty percent (50%) of the value of the partnership's assets 8 9 consists of intangible assets, capital or 10 ordinary gains or losses from the sale of an 11 ownership interest in the partnership shall be 12 allocated to this state in accordance with the 13 sales factor of the partnership for its first 14 full tax period immediately preceding its tax 15 period during which the ownership interest in the 16 partnership was sold; the provisions of this 17 division shall only apply if the capital or 18 ordinary gains or losses from the sale of an 19 ownership interest in a partnership do not 20 constitute qualifying gain receiving capital 21 treatment as defined in subparagraph a of 22 paragraph 2 of subsection F of this section, 23 income from such property which is required to be (3) 24 allocated pursuant to the provisions of paragraph

| 1 | | 5 of this subsection shall be allocated as herein |
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| 2 | | provided; |
| 3 | с. | Net income or loss from a business activity which is |
| 4 | | not a part of business carried on within or without |
| 5 | | the state of a unitary character shall be separately |
| 6 | | allocated to the state in which such activity is |
| 7 | | conducted; |
| 8 | d. | In the case of a manufacturing or processing |
| 9 | | enterprise the business of which in Oklahoma consists |
| 10 | | solely of marketing its products by: |
| 11 | | (1) sales having a situs without this state, shipped |
| 12 | | directly to a point from without the state to a |
| 13 | | purchaser within the state, commonly known as |
| 14 | | interstate sales, |
| 15 | | (2) sales of the product stored in public warehouses |
| 16 | | within the state pursuant to "in transit" |
| 17 | | tariffs, as prescribed and allowed by the |
| 18 | | Interstate Commerce Commission, to a purchaser |
| 19 | | within the state, |
| 20 | | (3) sales of the product stored in public warehouses |
| 21 | | within the state where the shipment to such |
| 22 | | warehouses is not covered by "in transit" |
| 23 | | tariffs, as prescribed and allowed by the |
| 24 | | |

Interstate Commerce Commission, to a purchaser within or without the state,

the Oklahoma net income shall, at the option of the taxpayer, be that portion of the total net income of the taxpayer for federal income tax purposes derived from the manufacture and/or processing and sales everywhere as determined by the ratio of the sales defined in this section made to the purchaser within the state to the total sales everywhere. The term "public warehouse" as used in this subparagraph means a licensed public warehouse, the principal business of which is warehousing merchandise for the public; In the case of insurance companies, Oklahoma taxable e. income shall be taxable income of the taxpayer for federal tax purposes, as adjusted for the adjustments provided pursuant to the provisions of paragraphs 1 and 2 of this subsection, apportioned as follows: except as otherwise provided by division (2) of (1)this subparagraph, taxable income of an insurance company for a taxable year shall be apportioned to this state by multiplying such income by a fraction, the numerator of which is the direct premiums written for insurance on property or risks in this state, and the denominator of which

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is the direct premiums written for insurance on property or risks everywhere. For purposes of this subsection, the term "direct premiums written" means the total amount of direct premiums written, assessments and annuity considerations as reported for the taxable year on the annual statement filed by the company with the Insurance Commissioner in the form approved by the National Association of Insurance Commissioners, or such other form as may be prescribed in lieu thereof,

12 (2) if the principal source of premiums written by an 13 insurance company consists of premiums for 14 reinsurance accepted by it, the taxable income of 15 such company shall be apportioned to this state 16 by multiplying such income by a fraction, the 17 numerator of which is the sum of (a) direct 18 premiums written for insurance on property or 19 risks in this state, plus (b) premiums written 20 for reinsurance accepted in respect of property 21 or risks in this state, and the denominator of 22 which is the sum of (c) direct premiums written 23 for insurance on property or risks everywhere, 24 plus (d) premiums written for reinsurance

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1 accepted in respect of property or risks 2 everywhere. For purposes of this paragraph, premiums written for reinsurance accepted in 3 4 respect of property or risks in this state, 5 whether or not otherwise determinable, may at the 6 election of the company be determined on the 7 basis of the proportion which premiums written for insurance accepted from companies 8 9 commercially domiciled in Oklahoma bears to 10 premiums written for reinsurance accepted from 11 all sources, or alternatively in the proportion 12 which the sum of the direct premiums written for 13 insurance on property or risks in this state by 14 each ceding company from which reinsurance is 15 accepted bears to the sum of the total direct 16 premiums written by each such ceding company for 17 the taxable year.

5. The net income or loss remaining after the separate allocation in paragraph 4 of this subsection, being that which is derived from a unitary business enterprise, shall be apportioned to this state on the basis of the arithmetical average of three factors consisting of property, payroll and sales or gross revenue enumerated as subparagraphs a, b and c of this paragraph. Net income or loss as used in this paragraph includes that derived from

1 patent or copyright royalties, purchase discounts, and interest on 2 accounts receivable relating to or arising from a business activity, the income from which is apportioned pursuant to this subsection, 3 4 including the sale or other disposition of such property and any 5 other property used in the unitary enterprise. Deductions used in 6 computing such net income or loss shall not include taxes based on 7 or measured by income. Provided, for corporations whose property for purposes of the tax imposed by Section 2355 of this title has an 8 9 initial investment cost equaling or exceeding Two Hundred Million 10 Dollars (\$200,000,000.00) and such investment is made on or after 11 July 1, 1997, or for corporations which expand their property or 12 facilities in this state and such expansion has an investment cost 13 equaling or exceeding Two Hundred Million Dollars (\$200,000,000.00) 14 over a period not to exceed three (3) years, and such expansion is 15 commenced on or after January 1, 2000, the three factors shall be 16 apportioned with property and payroll, each comprising twenty-five 17 percent (25%) of the apportionment factor and sales comprising fifty 18 percent (50%) of the apportionment factor. The apportionment 19 factors shall be computed as follows:

20a. The property factor is a fraction, the numerator of21which is the average value of the taxpayer's real and22tangible personal property owned or rented and used in23this state during the tax period and the denominator24of which is the average value of all the taxpayer's

real and tangible personal property everywhere owned or rented and used during the tax period.

- 3 (1)Property, the income from which is separately 4 allocated in paragraph 4 of this subsection, 5 shall not be included in determining this 6 fraction. The numerator of the fraction shall 7 include a portion of the investment in transportation and other equipment having no 8 9 fixed situs, such as rolling stock, buses, trucks 10 and trailers, including machinery and equipment carried thereon, airplanes, salespersons' 11 automobiles and other similar equipment, in the 12 13 proportion that miles traveled in Oklahoma by 14 such equipment bears to total miles traveled, 15 (2) Property owned by the taxpayer is valued at its 16 original cost. Property rented by the taxpayer 17 is valued at eight times the net annual rental 18 rate. Net annual rental rate is the annual 19 rental rate paid by the taxpayer, less any annual 20 rental rate received by the taxpayer from 21 subrentals, 22 The average value of property shall be determined (3)
 - by averaging the values at the beginning and ending of the tax period but the Oklahoma Tax

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1 Commission may require the averaging of monthly 2 values during the tax period if reasonably 3 required to reflect properly the average value of 4 the taxpayer's property; 5 b. The payroll factor is a fraction, the numerator of 6 which is the total compensation for services rendered 7 in the state during the tax period, and the denominator of which is the total compensation for 8 9 services rendered everywhere during the tax period. 10 "Compensation", as used in this subsection means those 11 paid-for services to the extent related to the unitary

business but does not include officers' salaries, wages and other compensation.

14 In the case of a transportation enterprise, the (1)15 numerator of the fraction shall include a portion 16 of such expenditure in connection with employees 17 operating equipment over a fixed route, such as 18 railroad employees, airline pilots, or bus 19 drivers, in this state only a part of the time, 20 in the proportion that mileage traveled in 21 Oklahoma bears to total mileage traveled by such 22 employees,

> (2) In any case the numerator of the fraction shall include a portion of such expenditures in

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1 connection with itinerant employees, such as 2 traveling salespersons, in this state only a part 3 of the time, in the proportion that time spent in 4 Oklahoma bears to total time spent in furtherance 5 of the enterprise by such employees; 6 The sales factor is a fraction, the numerator of which с. 7 is the total sales or gross revenue of the taxpayer in this state during the tax period, and the denominator 8 9 of which is the total sales or gross revenue of the 10 taxpayer everywhere during the tax period. "Sales", 11 as used in this subsection does not include sales or 12 gross revenue which are separately allocated in 13 paragraph 4 of this subsection. 14 Sales of tangible personal property have a situs (1)

15 in this state if the property is delivered or 16 shipped to a purchaser other than the United 17 States government, within this state regardless 18 of the FOB point or other conditions of the sale; 19 or the property is shipped from an office, store, 20 warehouse, factory or other place of storage in 21 this state and (a) the purchaser is the United 22 States government or (b) the taxpayer is not 23 doing business in the state of the destination of 24 the shipment.

- 1 (2) In the case of a railroad or interurban railway 2 enterprise, the numerator of the fraction shall 3 not be less than the allocation of revenues to 4 this state as shown in its annual report to the 5 Corporation Commission.
- 6 In the case of an airline, truck or bus (3) 7 enterprise or freight car, tank car, refrigerator car or other railroad equipment enterprise, the 8 9 numerator of the fraction shall include a portion 10 of revenue from interstate transportation in the 11 proportion that interstate mileage traveled in 12 Oklahoma bears to total interstate mileage 13 traveled.
- 14 In the case of an oil, gasoline or gas pipeline (4) 15 enterprise, the numerator of the fraction shall 16 be either the total of traffic units of the 17 enterprise within Oklahoma or the revenue 18 allocated to Oklahoma based upon miles moved, at 19 the option of the taxpayer, and the denominator 20 of which shall be the total of traffic units of 21 the enterprise or the revenue of the enterprise 22 everywhere as appropriate to the numerator. A 23 "traffic unit" is hereby defined as the 24 transportation for a distance of one (1) mile of

1one (1) barrel of oil, one (1) gallon of gasoline2or one thousand (1,000) cubic feet of natural or3casinghead gas, as the case may be.

4 (5) In the case of a telephone or telegraph or other 5 communication enterprise, the numerator of the fraction shall include that portion of the 6 7 interstate revenue as is allocated pursuant to the accounting procedures prescribed by the 8 9 Federal Communications Commission; provided that 10 in respect to each corporation or business entity 11 required by the Federal Communications Commission 12 to keep its books and records in accordance with 13 a uniform system of accounts prescribed by such 14 Commission, the intrastate net income shall be 15 determined separately in the manner provided by 16 such uniform system of accounts and only the 17 interstate income shall be subject to allocation 18 pursuant to the provisions of this subsection. 19 Provided further, that the gross revenue factors 20 shall be those as are determined pursuant to the 21 accounting procedures prescribed by the Federal 22 Communications Commission.

In any case where the apportionment of the three factors
prescribed in this paragraph attributes to Oklahoma a portion of net

1 income of the enterprise out of all appropriate proportion to the 2 property owned and/or business transacted within this state, because 3 of the fact that one or more of the factors so prescribed are not employed to any appreciable extent in furtherance of the enterprise; 4 5 or because one or more factors not so prescribed are employed to a considerable extent in furtherance of the enterprise; or because of 6 7 other reasons, the Tax Commission is empowered to permit, after a showing by taxpayer that an excessive portion of net income has been 8 9 attributed to Oklahoma, or require, when in its judgment an 10 insufficient portion of net income has been attributed to Oklahoma, 11 the elimination, substitution, or use of additional factors, or 12 reduction or increase in the weight of such prescribed factors. 13 Provided, however, that any such variance from such prescribed 14 factors which has the effect of increasing the portion of net income 15 attributable to Oklahoma must not be inherently arbitrary, and 16 application of the recomputed final apportionment to the net income 17 of the enterprise must attribute to Oklahoma only a reasonable 18 portion thereof.

19 6. For calendar years 1997 and 1998, the owner of a new or 20 expanded agricultural commodity processing facility in this state 21 may exclude from Oklahoma taxable income, or in the case of an 22 individual, the Oklahoma adjusted gross income, fifteen percent 23 (15%) of the investment by the owner in the new or expanded 24 agricultural commodity processing facility. For calendar year 1999,

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1 and all subsequent years, the percentage, not to exceed fifteen 2 percent (15%), available to the owner of a new or expanded agricultural commodity processing facility in this state claiming 3 4 the exemption shall be adjusted annually so that the total estimated 5 reduction in tax liability does not exceed One Million Dollars 6 (\$1,000,000.00) annually. The Tax Commission shall promulgate rules 7 for determining the percentage of the investment which each eligible taxpayer may exclude. The exclusion provided by this paragraph 8 9 shall be taken in the taxable year when the investment is made. In 10 the event the total reduction in tax liability authorized by this 11 paragraph exceeds One Million Dollars (\$1,000,000.00) in any calendar year, the Tax Commission shall permit any excess over One 12 13 Million Dollars (\$1,000,000.00) and shall factor such excess into 14 the percentage for subsequent years. Any amount of the exemption 15 permitted to be excluded pursuant to the provisions of this 16 paragraph but not used in any year may be carried forward as an 17 exemption from income pursuant to the provisions of this paragraph 18 for a period not exceeding six (6) years following the year in which 19 the investment was originally made.

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For purposes of this paragraph:

a. "Agricultural commodity processing facility" means
 building, structures, fixtures and improvements used
 or operated primarily for the processing or production
 of marketable products from agricultural commodities.

1 The term shall also mean a dairy operation that 2 requires a depreciable investment of at least Two Hundred Fifty Thousand Dollars (\$250,000.00) and which 3 4 produces milk from dairy cows. The term does not 5 include a facility that provides only, and nothing more than, storage, cleaning, drying or transportation 6 7 of agricultural commodities, and b. "Facility" means each part of the facility which is 8 9 used in a process primarily for: 10 (1)the processing of agricultural commodities, including receiving or storing agricultural 11 12 commodities, or the production of milk at a dairy 13 operation, 14 transporting the agricultural commodities or (2)

15 product before, during or after the processing, 16 or

17 (3) packaging or otherwise preparing the product for
 18 sale or shipment.

19 7. Despite any provision to the contrary in paragraph 3 of this 20 subsection, for taxable years beginning after December 31, 1999, in 21 the case of a taxpayer which has a farming loss, such farming loss 22 shall be considered a net operating loss carryback in accordance 23 with and to the extent of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C.,

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Section 172(b)(G). However, the amount of the net operating loss
 carryback shall not exceed the lesser of:

3 a. Sixty Thousand Dollars (\$60,000.00), or

b. the loss properly shown on Schedule F of the Internal
Revenue Service Form 1040 reduced by one-half (1/2) of
the income from all other sources other than reflected
on Schedule F.

8. In taxable years beginning after December 31, 1995, all 8 9 qualified wages equal to the federal income tax credit set forth in 10 26 U.S.C.A., Section 45A, shall be deducted from taxable income. 11 The deduction allowed pursuant to this paragraph shall only be 12 permitted for the tax years in which the federal tax credit pursuant 13 to 26 U.S.C.A., Section 45A, is allowed. For purposes of this 14 paragraph, "qualified wages" means those wages used to calculate the 15 federal credit pursuant to 26 U.S.C.A., Section 45A.

9. In taxable years beginning after December 31, 2005, an
employer that is eligible for and utilizes the Safety Pays OSHA
Consultation Service provided by the Oklahoma Department of Labor
shall receive an exemption from taxable income in the amount of One
Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00) for the tax year that the service is
utilized.

10. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2010, there shall be added to Oklahoma taxable income an amount equal to the amount of deferred income not included in such taxable income pursuant to Section 108(i)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 as amended by Section 1231 of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (P.L. No. 111-5). There shall be subtracted from Oklahoma taxable income an amount equal to the amount of deferred income included in such taxable income pursuant to Section 108(i)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code by Section 1231 of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (P.L. No. 111-5).

11. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2019, 8 9 there shall be subtracted from Oklahoma taxable income or adjusted 10 gross income any item of income or gain, and there shall be added to 11 Oklahoma taxable income or adjusted gross income any item of loss or 12 deduction that in the absence of an election pursuant to the 13 provisions of the Pass-Through Entity Tax Equity Act of 2019 would 14 be allocated to a member or to an indirect member of an electing 15 pass-through entity pursuant to Section 2351 et seq. of this title, 16 if (i) the electing pass-through entity has accounted for such item 17 in computing its Oklahoma net entity income or loss pursuant to the 18 provisions of the Pass-Through Entity Tax Equity Act of 2019, and 19 (ii) the total amount of tax attributable to any resulting Oklahoma 20 net entity income has been paid. The Oklahoma Tax Commission shall 21 promulgate rules for the reporting of such exclusion to direct and 22 indirect members of the electing pass-through entity. As used in 23 this paragraph, "electing pass-through entity", "indirect member", 24 and "member" shall be defined in the same manner as prescribed by

Section 2 2355.1P-2 of this act title. Notwithstanding the
 application of this paragraph, the adjusted tax basis of any
 ownership interest in a pass-through entity for purposes of Section
 2351 et seq. of this title shall be equal to its adjusted tax basis
 for federal income tax purposes.

6 The taxable income of any corporation shall be further в. 1. 7 adjusted to arrive at Oklahoma taxable income, except those corporations electing treatment as provided in subchapter S of the 8 9 Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 1361 et seq., and Section 10 2365 of this title, deductions pursuant to the provisions of the 11 Accelerated Cost Recovery System as defined and allowed in the 12 Economic Recovery Tax Act of 1981, Public Law 97-34, 26 U.S.C., 13 Section 168, for depreciation of assets placed into service after 14 December 31, 1981, shall not be allowed in calculating Oklahoma 15 taxable income. Such corporations shall be allowed a deduction for 16 depreciation of assets placed into service after December 31, 1981, 17 in accordance with provisions of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 18 U.S.C., Section 1 et seq., in effect immediately prior to the 19 enactment of the Accelerated Cost Recovery System. The Oklahoma tax 20 basis for all such assets placed into service after December 31, 21 1981, calculated in this section shall be retained and utilized for 22 all Oklahoma income tax purposes through the final disposition of 23 such assets.

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Notwithstanding any other provisions of the Oklahoma Income Tax
 Act, Section 2351 et seq. of this title, or of the Internal Revenue
 Code to the contrary, this subsection shall control calculation of
 depreciation of assets placed into service after December 31, 1981,
 and before January 1, 1983.

6 For assets placed in service and held by a corporation in which 7 accelerated cost recovery system was previously disallowed, an adjustment to taxable income is required in the first taxable year 8 9 beginning after December 31, 1982, to reconcile the basis of such 10 assets to the basis allowed in the Internal Revenue Code. The 11 purpose of this adjustment is to equalize the basis and allowance 12 for depreciation accounts between that reported to the Internal 13 Revenue Service and that reported to Oklahoma.

14 2. For tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2009, and 15 ending on or before December 31, 2009, there shall be added to 16 Oklahoma taxable income any amount in excess of One Hundred Seventy-17 five Thousand Dollars (\$175,000.00) which has been deducted as a 18 small business expense under Internal Revenue Code, Section 179 as 19 provided in the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009.

C. 1. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 1987, the taxable income of any corporation shall be further adjusted to arrive at Oklahoma taxable income for transfers of technology to qualified small businesses located in Oklahoma. Such transferor corporation shall be allowed an exemption from taxable income of an

1 amount equal to the amount of royalty payment received as a result 2 of such transfer; provided, however, such amount shall not exceed 3 ten percent (10%) of the amount of gross proceeds received by such 4 transferor corporation as a result of the technology transfer. Such 5 exemption shall be allowed for a period not to exceed ten (10) years 6 from the date of receipt of the first royalty payment accruing from 7 such transfer. No exemption may be claimed for transfers of 8 technology to qualified small businesses made prior to January 1, 9 1988.

10 2. For purposes of this subsection:

| 11 | a. | "Qua | lified small business" means an entity, whether |
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| 12 | | orga | nized as a corporation, partnership, or |
| 13 | | prop | rietorship, organized for profit with its |
| 14 | | prin | cipal place of business located within this state |
| 15 | | and | which meets the following criteria: |
| 16 | | (1) | Capitalization of not more than Two Hundred Fifty |
| 17 | | | Thousand Dollars (\$250,000.00), |
| 18 | | (2) | Having at least fifty percent (50%) of its |
| 19 | | | employees and assets located in Oklahoma at the |
| 20 | | | time of the transfer, and |
| 21 | | (3) | Not a subsidiary or affiliate of the transferor |
| 22 | | | corporation; |

b. "Technology" means a proprietary process, formula,
 pattern, device or compilation of scientific or

1 technical information which is not in the public 2 domain;

- c. "Transferor corporation" means a corporation which is
 the exclusive and undisputed owner of the technology
 at the time the transfer is made; and
- d. "Gross proceeds" means the total amount of
 consideration for the transfer of technology, whether
 the consideration is in money or otherwise.

9 D. 1. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2005, the 10 taxable income of any corporation, estate or trust, shall be further 11 adjusted for qualifying gains receiving capital treatment. Such corporations, estates or trusts shall be allowed a deduction from 12 13 Oklahoma taxable income for the amount of qualifying gains receiving 14 capital treatment earned by the corporation, estate or trust during 15 the taxable year and included in the federal taxable income of such 16 corporation, estate or trust.

17 2. As used in this subsection:

18a. "qualifying gains receiving capital treatment" means19the amount of net capital gains, as defined in Section201222(11) of the Internal Revenue Code, included in the21federal income tax return of the corporation, estate22or trust that result from:

(1) the sale of real property or tangible personal
 property located within Oklahoma that has been

1directly or indirectly owned by the corporation,2estate or trust for a holding period of at least3five (5) years prior to the date of the4transaction from which such net capital gains5arise,

- (2) the sale of stock or on the sale of an ownership interest in an Oklahoma company, limited liability company, or partnership where such stock or ownership interest has been directly or indirectly owned by the corporation, estate or trust for a holding period of at least three (3) years prior to the date of the transaction from which the net capital gains arise, or
- 14 (3) the sale of real property, tangible personal 15 property or intangible personal property located 16 within Oklahoma as part of the sale of all or 17 substantially all of the assets of an Oklahoma 18 company, limited liability company, or 19 partnership where such property has been directly 20 or indirectly owned by such entity owned by the 21 owners of such entity, and used in or derived 22 from such entity for a period of at least three 23 (3) years prior to the date of the transaction 24 from which the net capital gains arise,

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"holding period" means an uninterrupted period of 1 b. 2 The holding period shall include any additional time. 3 period when the property was held by another individual or entity, if such additional period is 4 5 included in the taxpayer's holding period for the asset pursuant to the Internal Revenue Code, 6 "Oklahoma company", "limited liability company", or 7 с. "partnership" means an entity whose primary 8 9 headquarters have been located in Oklahoma for at 10 least three (3) uninterrupted years prior to the date 11 of the transaction from which the net capital gains 12 arise, 13 d. "direct" means the taxpayer directly owns the asset, 14 and 15 "indirect" means the taxpayer owns an interest in a e. 16 pass-through entity (or chain of pass-through 17 entities) that sells the asset that gives rise to the 18 qualifying gains receiving capital treatment. 19 With respect to sales of real property or (1)20 tangible personal property located within 21 Oklahoma, the deduction described in this 22 subsection shall not apply unless the pass-23 through entity that makes the sale has held the 24 property for not less than five (5) uninterrupted years prior to the date of the transaction that created the capital gain, and each pass-through entity included in the chain of ownership has been a member, partner, or shareholder of the pass-through entity in the tier immediately below it for an uninterrupted period of not less than five (5) years.

(2)With respect to sales of stock or ownership 8 interest in or sales of all or substantially all 10 of the assets of an Oklahoma company, limited 11 liability company, or partnership, the deduction 12 described in this subsection shall not apply 13 unless the pass-through entity that makes the 14 sale has held the stock or ownership interest or 15 the assets for not less than three (3) 16 uninterrupted years prior to the date of the 17 transaction that created the capital gain, and 18 each pass-through entity included in the chain of 19 ownership has been a member, partner or 20 shareholder of the pass-through entity in the 21 tier immediately below it for an uninterrupted 22 period of not less than three (3) years. 23

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- E. The Oklahoma adjusted gross income of any individual
 taxpayer shall be further adjusted as follows to arrive at Oklahoma
 taxable income:
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 1. a. In the case of individuals, there shall be added or
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 (\$1,000.00) in lieu of the personal exemptions allowed
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 by the Internal Revenue Code.
- 9 b. There shall be allowed an additional exemption of One 10 Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00) for each taxpayer or 11 spouse who is blind at the close of the tax year. For 12 purposes of this subparagraph, an individual is blind 13 only if the central visual acuity of the individual 14 does not exceed 20/200 in the better eye with 15 correcting lenses, or if the visual acuity of the 16 individual is greater than 20/200, but is accompanied 17 by a limitation in the fields of vision such that the 18 widest diameter of the visual field subtends an angle 19 no greater than twenty (20) degrees.
- c. There shall be allowed an additional exemption of One
 Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00) for each taxpayer or
 spouse who is sixty-five (65) years of age or older at
 the close of the tax year based upon the filing status
 and federal adjusted gross income of the taxpayer.

| 1 | | Taxpayers with the following filing status may claim |
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| 2 | | this exemption if the federal adjusted gross income |
| 3 | | does not exceed: |
| 4 | | (1) Twenty-five Thousand Dollars (\$25,000.00) if |
| 5 | | married and filing jointly; |
| 6 | | (2) Twelve Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$12,500.00) |
| 7 | | if married and filing separately; |
| 8 | | (3) Fifteen Thousand Dollars (\$15,000.00) if single; |
| 9 | | and |
| 10 | | (4) Nineteen Thousand Dollars (\$19,000.00) if a |
| 11 | | qualifying head of household. |
| 12 | | Provided, for taxable years beginning after December |
| 13 | | 31, 1999, amounts included in the calculation of |
| 14 | | federal adjusted gross income pursuant to the |
| 15 | | conversion of a traditional individual retirement |
| 16 | | account to a Roth individual retirement account shall |
| 17 | | be excluded from federal adjusted gross income for |
| 18 | | purposes of the income thresholds provided in this |
| 19 | | subparagraph. |
| 20 | 2. a. | For taxable years beginning on or before December 31, |
| 21 | | 2005, in the case of individuals who use the standard |
| 22 | | deduction in determining taxable income, there shall |
| 23 | | be added or deducted, as the case may be, the |
| 24 | | difference necessary to allow a standard deduction in |
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lieu of the standard deduction allowed by the Internal Revenue Code, in an amount equal to the larger of fifteen percent (15%) of the Oklahoma adjusted gross income or One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00), but not to exceed Two Thousand Dollars (\$2,000.00), except that in the case of a married individual filing a separate return such deduction shall be the larger of fifteen percent (15%) of such Oklahoma adjusted gross income or Five Hundred Dollars (\$500.00), but not to exceed the maximum amount of One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00).

12 b. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 13 2006, and before January 1, 2007, in the case of 14 individuals who use the standard deduction in 15 determining taxable income, there shall be added or 16 deducted, as the case may be, the difference necessary 17 to allow a standard deduction in lieu of the standard 18 deduction allowed by the Internal Revenue Code, in an 19 amount equal to:

20 (1) Three Thousand Dollars (\$3,000.00), if the filing
 21 status is married filing joint, head of household
 22 or qualifying widow; or

(2) Two Thousand Dollars (\$2,000.00), if the filing status is single or married filing separate.

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| 1 | с. | For the taxable year beginning on January 1, 2007, and |
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| 2 | | ending December 31, 2007, in the case of individuals |
| 3 | | who use the standard deduction in determining taxable |
| 4 | | income, there shall be added or deducted, as the case |
| 5 | | may be, the difference necessary to allow a standard |
| 6 | | deduction in lieu of the standard deduction allowed by |
| 7 | | the Internal Revenue Code, in an amount equal to: |
| 8 | | (1) Five Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$5,500.00), |
| 9 | | if the filing status is married filing joint or |
| 10 | | qualifying widow; or |
| 11 | | (2) Four Thousand One Hundred Twenty-five Dollars |
| 12 | | (\$4,125.00) for a head of household; or |
| 13 | | (3) Two Thousand Seven Hundred Fifty Dollars |
| 14 | | (\$2,750.00), if the filing status is single or |
| 15 | | married filing separate. |
| 16 | d. | For the taxable year beginning on January 1, 2008, and |
| 17 | | ending December 31, 2008, in the case of individuals |
| 18 | | who use the standard deduction in determining taxable |
| 19 | | income, there shall be added or deducted, as the case |
| 20 | | may be, the difference necessary to allow a standard |
| 21 | | deduction in lieu of the standard deduction allowed by |
| 22 | | the Internal Revenue Code, in an amount equal to: |
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- (1) Six Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$6,500.00), if
 the filing status is married filing joint or
 qualifying widow, or
 - (2) Four Thousand Eight Hundred Seventy-five Dollars(\$4,875.00) for a head of household, or
 - (3) Three Thousand Two Hundred Fifty Dollars (\$3,250.00), if the filing status is single or married filing separate.
- 9 e. For the taxable year beginning on January 1, 2009, and
 10 ending December 31, 2009, in the case of individuals
 11 who use the standard deduction in determining taxable
 12 income, there shall be added or deducted, as the case
 13 may be, the difference necessary to allow a standard
 14 deduction in lieu of the standard deduction allowed by
 15 the Internal Revenue Code, in an amount equal to:
 - (1) Eight Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$8,500.00), if the filing status is married filing joint or qualifying widow, or
 - (2) Six Thousand Three Hundred Seventy-five Dollars(\$6,375.00) for a head of household, or
 - (3) Four Thousand Two Hundred Fifty Dollars (\$4,250.00), if the filing status is single or married filing separate.
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1 Oklahoma adjusted gross income shall be increased by 2 any amounts paid for motor vehicle excise taxes which 3 were deducted as allowed by the Internal Revenue Code. 4 f. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 5 2010, and ending on December 31, 2016, in the case of individuals who use the standard deduction in 6 7 determining taxable income, there shall be added or deducted, as the case may be, the difference necessary 8 9 to allow a standard deduction equal to the standard 10 deduction allowed by the Internal Revenue Code, based 11 upon the amount and filing status prescribed by such 12 Code for purposes of filing federal individual income 13 tax returns.

14g.For taxable years beginning on or after January 1,152017, in the case of individuals who use the standard16deduction in determining taxable income, there shall17be added or deducted, as the case may be, the18difference necessary to allow a standard deduction in19lieu of the standard deduction allowed by the Internal20Revenue Code, as follows:

(1) Six Thousand Three Hundred Fifty Dollars(\$6,350.00) for single or married filingseparately,

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1 (2)Twelve Thousand Seven Hundred Dollars 2 (\$12,700.00) for married filing jointly or 3 qualifying widower with dependent child, and 4 (3) Nine Thousand Three Hundred Fifty Dollars 5 (\$9,350.00) for head of household. 3. In the case of resident and part-year resident 6 a. 7 individuals having adjusted gross income from sources both within and without the state, the itemized or 8 9 standard deductions and personal exemptions shall be 10 reduced to an amount which is the same portion of the 11 total thereof as Oklahoma adjusted gross income is of 12 adjusted gross income. To the extent itemized 13 deductions include allowable moving expense, proration 14 of moving expense shall not be required or permitted 15 but allowable moving expense shall be fully deductible 16 for those taxpayers moving within or into Oklahoma and 17 no part of moving expense shall be deductible for 18 those taxpayers moving without or out of Oklahoma. 19 All other itemized or standard deductions and personal 20 exemptions shall be subject to proration as provided 21 by law. 22 For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, b. 23 2018, the net amount of itemized deductions allowable

on an Oklahoma income tax return, subject to the

provisions of paragraph 24 of this subsection, shall not exceed Seventeen Thousand Dollars (\$17,000.00). For purposes of this subparagraph, charitable contributions and medical expenses deductible for federal income tax purposes shall be excluded from the amount of Seventeen Thousand Dollars (\$17,000.00) as specified by this subparagraph.

4. A resident individual with a physical disability 8 9 constituting a substantial handicap to employment may deduct from 10 Oklahoma adjusted gross income such expenditures to modify a motor 11 vehicle, home or workplace as are necessary to compensate for his or 12 her handicap. A veteran certified by the Department of Veterans 13 Affairs of the federal government as having a service-connected 14 disability shall be conclusively presumed to be an individual with a 15 physical disability constituting a substantial handicap to 16 employment. The Tax Commission shall promulgate rules containing a 17 list of combinations of common disabilities and modifications which 18 may be presumed to qualify for this deduction. The Tax Commission 19 shall prescribe necessary requirements for verification.

205. a. Before July 1, 2010, the first One Thousand Five21Hundred Dollars (\$1,500.00) received by any person22from the United States as salary or compensation in23any form, other than retirement benefits, as a member

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1 of any component of the Armed Forces of the United 2 States shall be deducted from taxable income. On or after July 1, 2010, one hundred percent (100%) 3 b. of the income received by any person from the United 4 5 States as salary or compensation in any form, other than retirement benefits, as a member of any component 6 7 of the Armed Forces of the United States shall be deducted from taxable income. 8 9 с. Whenever the filing of a timely income tax return by a member of the Armed Forces of the United States is 10 11 made impracticable or impossible of accomplishment by 12 reason of: 13 absence from the United States, which term (1)14 includes only the states and the District of 15 Columbia: 16 (2)absence from the State of Oklahoma while on 17 active duty; or 18 confinement in a hospital within the United (3) 19 States for treatment of wounds, injuries or 20 disease, 21 the time for filing a return and paying an income tax 22 shall be and is hereby extended without incurring 23 liability for interest or penalties, to the fifteenth 24 day of the third month following the month in which:

1 (a) Such individual shall return to the United 2 States if the extension is granted pursuant 3 to subparagraph a of this paragraph, return 4 to the State of Oklahoma if the extension is 5 granted pursuant to subparagraph b of this paragraph or be discharged from such 6 7 hospital if the extension is granted pursuant to subparagraph c of this 8 9 paragraph; or

(b) An executor, administrator, or conservator
 of the estate of the taxpayer is appointed,
 whichever event occurs the earliest.

13 Provided, that the Tax Commission may, in its discretion, grant 14 any member of the Armed Forces of the United States an extension of 15 time for filing of income tax returns and payment of income tax 16 without incurring liabilities for interest or penalties. Such 17 extension may be granted only when in the judgment of the Tax 18 Commission a good cause exists therefor and may be for a period in 19 excess of six (6) months. A record of every such extension granted, 20 and the reason therefor, shall be kept.

6. Before July 1, 2010, the salary or any other form of
compensation, received from the United States by a member of any
component of the Armed Forces of the United States, shall be
deducted from taxable income during the time in which the person is

1 detained by the enemy in a conflict, is a prisoner of war or is missing in action and not deceased; provided, after July 1, 2010, 2 3 all such salary or compensation shall be subject to the deduction as 4 provided pursuant to paragraph 5 of this subsection. 5 7. a. An individual taxpayer, whether resident or nonresident, may deduct an amount equal to the federal 6 7 income taxes paid by the taxpayer during the taxable 8 year. 9 b. Federal taxes as described in subparagraph a of this 10 paragraph shall be deductible by any individual 11 taxpayer, whether resident or nonresident, only to the 12 extent they relate to income subject to taxation 13 pursuant to the provisions of the Oklahoma Income Tax 14 Act. The maximum amount allowable in the preceding 15 paragraph shall be prorated on the ratio of the 16 Oklahoma adjusted gross income to federal adjusted 17 gross income. 18 For the purpose of this paragraph, "federal income с. 19 taxes paid" shall mean federal income taxes, surtaxes 20 imposed on incomes or excess profits taxes, as though 21 the taxpayer was on the accrual basis. In determining 22 the amount of deduction for federal income taxes for 23 tax year 2001, the amount of the deduction shall not

be adjusted by the amount of any accelerated ten

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1percent (10%) tax rate bracket credit or advanced2refund of the credit received during the tax year3provided pursuant to the federal Economic Growth and4Tax Relief Reconciliation Act of 2001, P.L. No. 107-516, and the advanced refund of such credit shall not6be subject to taxation.

7 d. The provisions of this paragraph shall apply to all
8 taxable years ending after December 31, 1978, and
9 beginning before January 1, 2006.

Retirement benefits not to exceed Five Thousand Five Hundred 10 8. 11 Dollars (\$5,500.00) for the 2004 tax year, Seven Thousand Five 12 Hundred Dollars (\$7,500.00) for the 2005 tax year and Ten Thousand 13 Dollars (\$10,000.00) for the 2006 tax year and all subsequent tax 14 years, which are received by an individual from the civil service of 15 the United States, the Oklahoma Public Employees Retirement System, 16 the Teachers' Retirement System of Oklahoma, the Oklahoma Law 17 Enforcement Retirement System, the Oklahoma Firefighters Pension and 18 Retirement System, the Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement 19 System, the employee retirement systems created by counties pursuant 20 to Section 951 et seq. of Title 19 of the Oklahoma Statutes, the 21 Uniform Retirement System for Justices and Judges, the Oklahoma 22 Wildlife Conservation Department Retirement Fund, the Oklahoma 23 Employment Security Commission Retirement Plan, or the employee 24 retirement systems created by municipalities pursuant to Section 48-

1 101 et seq. of Title 11 of the Oklahoma Statutes shall be exempt 2 from taxable income.

9. In taxable years beginning after December 31, 1984, Social
Security benefits received by an individual shall be exempt from
taxable income, to the extent such benefits are included in the
federal adjusted gross income pursuant to the provisions of Section
86 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 86.

10. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 1994, lump-8 9 sum distributions from employer plans of deferred compensation, 10 which are not qualified plans within the meaning of Section 401(a) 11 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 401(a), and which 12 are deposited in and accounted for within a separate bank account or 13 brokerage account in a financial institution within this state, 14 shall be excluded from taxable income in the same manner as a 15 qualifying rollover contribution to an individual retirement account 16 within the meaning of Section 408 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 17 U.S.C., Section 408. Amounts withdrawn from such bank or brokerage 18 account, including any earnings thereon, shall be included in 19 taxable income when withdrawn in the same manner as withdrawals from 20 individual retirement accounts within the meaning of Section 408 of 21 the Internal Revenue Code.

11. In taxable years beginning after December 31, 1995, contributions made to and interest received from a medical savings

account established pursuant to Sections 2621 through 2623 of Title
 63 of the Oklahoma Statutes shall be exempt from taxable income.

3 12. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 1996, the 4 Oklahoma adjusted gross income of any individual taxpayer who is a 5 swine or poultry producer may be further adjusted for the deduction 6 for depreciation allowed for new construction or expansion costs 7 which may be computed using the same depreciation method elected for 8 federal income tax purposes except that the useful life shall be 9 seven (7) years for purposes of this paragraph. If depreciation is 10 allowed as a deduction in determining the adjusted gross income of 11 an individual, any depreciation calculated and claimed pursuant to 12 this section shall in no event be a duplication of any depreciation 13 allowed or permitted on the federal income tax return of the 14 individual.

| 15 | 13. a. | In taxable years beginning after December 31, 2002, |
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| 16 | | nonrecurring adoption expenses paid by a resident |
| 17 | | individual taxpayer in connection with: |
| 18 | | (1) the adoption of a minor, or |
| 19 | | (2) a proposed adoption of a minor which did not |
| 20 | | result in a decreed adoption, |
| 21 | | may be deducted from the Oklahoma adjusted gross |
| 22 | | income. |
| 23 | | |

- b. The deductions for adoptions and proposed adoptions
 authorized by this paragraph shall not exceed Twenty
 Thousand Dollars (\$20,000.00) per calendar year.
- c. The Tax Commission shall promulgate rules to implement
 the provisions of this paragraph which shall contain a
 specific list of nonrecurring adoption expenses which
 may be presumed to qualify for the deduction. The Tax
 Commission shall prescribe necessary requirements for
 verification.
- 10 d. "Nonrecurring adoption expenses" means adoption fees, 11 court costs, medical expenses, attorney fees and expenses which are directly related to the legal 12 13 process of adoption of a child including, but not 14 limited to, costs relating to the adoption study, 15 health and psychological examinations, transportation 16 and reasonable costs of lodging and food for the child 17 or adoptive parents which are incurred to complete the 18 adoption process and are not reimbursed by other 19 sources. The term "nonrecurring adoption expenses" 20 shall not include attorney fees incurred for the 21 purpose of litigating a contested adoption, from and 22 after the point of the initiation of the contest, 23 costs associated with physical remodeling, renovation 24 and alteration of the adoptive parents' home or

property, except for a special needs child as authorized by the court.

In taxable years beginning before January 1, 2005, 3 14. a. retirement benefits not to exceed the amounts 4 5 specified in this paragraph, which are received by an individual sixty-five (65) years of age or older and 6 7 whose Oklahoma adjusted gross income is Twenty-five Thousand Dollars (\$25,000.00) or less if the filing 8 9 status is single, head of household, or married filing 10 separate, or Fifty Thousand Dollars (\$50,000.00) or 11 less if the filing status is married filing joint or 12 qualifying widow, shall be exempt from taxable income. 13 In taxable years beginning after December 31, 2004, 14 retirement benefits not to exceed the amounts 15 specified in this paragraph, which are received by an 16 individual whose Oklahoma adjusted gross income is 17 less than the qualifying amount specified in this 18 paragraph, shall be exempt from taxable income. 19 b. For purposes of this paragraph, the qualifying amount 20 shall be as follows: 21 in taxable years beginning after December 31, (1)22 2004, and prior to January 1, 2007, the 23 qualifying amount shall be Thirty-seven Thousand

Five Hundred Dollars (\$37,500.00) or less if the

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| 1 | | filing status is single, head of household, or |
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| 2 | | married filing separate, or Seventy-five Thousand |
| 3 | | Dollars (\$75,000.00) or less if the filing status |
| 4 | | is married filing jointly or qualifying widow, |
| 5 | (2) | in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2007, |
| 6 | | the qualifying amount shall be Fifty Thousand |
| 7 | | Dollars (\$50,000.00) or less if the filing status |
| 8 | | is single, head of household, or married filing |
| 9 | | separate, or One Hundred Thousand Dollars |
| 10 | | (\$100,000.00) or less if the filing status is |
| 11 | | married filing jointly or qualifying widow, |
| 12 | (3) | in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2008, |
| 13 | | the qualifying amount shall be Sixty-two Thousand |
| 14 | | Five Hundred Dollars (\$62,500.00) or less if the |
| 15 | | filing status is single, head of household, or |
| 16 | | married filing separate, or One Hundred Twenty- |
| 17 | | five Thousand Dollars (\$125,000.00) or less if |
| 18 | | the filing status is married filing jointly or |
| 19 | | qualifying widow, |
| 20 | (4) | in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2009, |
| 21 | | the qualifying amount shall be One Hundred |
| 22 | | Thousand Dollars (\$100,000.00) or less if the |
| 23 | | filing status is single, head of household, or |
| 24 | | married filing separate, or Two Hundred Thousand |
| | | |

1Dollars (\$200,000.00) or less if the filing2status is married filing jointly or qualifying3widow, and

- (5) in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2010, and subsequent taxable years, there shall be no limitation upon the qualifying amount.
- c. For purposes of this paragraph, "retirement benefits" means the total distributions or withdrawals from the following:
 - (1) an employee pension benefit plan which satisfies the requirements of Section 401 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 401,
- (2) an eligible deferred compensation plan that satisfies the requirements of Section 457 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 457,
- 16 (3) an individual retirement account, annuity or 17 trust or simplified employee pension that 18 satisfies the requirements of Section 408 of the 19 Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 408,
 - (4) an employee annuity subject to the provisions ofSection 403(a) or (b) of the Internal RevenueCode, 26 U.S.C., Section 403(a) or (b),
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- (5) United States Retirement Bonds which satisfy the requirements of Section 86 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 86, or
 - (6) lump-sum distributions from a retirement plan which satisfies the requirements of Section 402(e) of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 402(e).
- d. The amount of the exemption provided by this paragraph 8 9 shall be limited to Five Thousand Five Hundred Dollars 10 (\$5,500.00) for the 2004 tax year, Seven Thousand Five 11 Hundred Dollars (\$7,500.00) for the 2005 tax year and 12 Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00) for the tax year 13 2006 and for all subsequent tax years. Any individual 14 who claims the exemption provided for in paragraph 8 15 of this subsection shall not be permitted to claim a 16 combined total exemption pursuant to this paragraph 17 and paragraph 8 of this subsection in an amount 18 exceeding Five Thousand Five Hundred Dollars 19 (\$5,500.00) for the 2004 tax year, Seven Thousand Five 20 Hundred Dollars (\$7,500.00) for the 2005 tax year and 21 Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00) for the 2006 tax 22 year and all subsequent tax years.

In taxable years beginning after December 31, 1999, for an
 individual engaged in production agriculture who has filed a

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Schedule F form with the taxpayer's federal income tax return for such taxable year, there shall be excluded from taxable income any amount which was included as federal taxable income or federal adjusted gross income and which consists of the discharge of an obligation by a creditor of the taxpayer incurred to finance the production of agricultural products.

7 16. In taxable years beginning December 31, 2000, an amount
8 equal to one hundred percent (100%) of the amount of any scholarship
9 or stipend received from participation in the Oklahoma Police Corps
10 Program, as established in Section 2-140.3 of Title 47 of the
11 Oklahoma Statutes shall be exempt from taxable income.

12 17. a. In taxable years beginning after December 31, 2001, 13 and before January 1, 2005, there shall be allowed a 14 deduction in the amount of contributions to accounts 15 established pursuant to the Oklahoma College Savings 16 Plan Act. The deduction shall equal the amount of 17 contributions to accounts, but in no event shall the 18 deduction for each contributor exceed Two Thousand 19 Five Hundred Dollars (\$2,500.00) each taxable year for 20 each account.

b. In taxable years beginning after December 31, 2004, each taxpayer shall be allowed a deduction for contributions to accounts established pursuant to the Oklahoma College Savings Plan Act. The maximum annual

1 deduction shall equal the amount of contributions to 2 all such accounts plus any contributions to such 3 accounts by the taxpayer for prior taxable years after 4 December 31, 2004, which were not deducted, but in no 5 event shall the deduction for each tax year exceed Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00) for each individual 6 7 taxpayer or Twenty Thousand Dollars (\$20,000.00) for taxpayers filing a joint return. Any amount of a 8 9 contribution that is not deducted by the taxpayer in 10 the year for which the contribution is made may be 11 carried forward as a deduction from income for the 12 succeeding five (5) years. For taxable years 13 beginning after December 31, 2005, deductions may be 14 taken for contributions and rollovers made during a 15 taxable year and up to April 15 of the succeeding 16 year, or the due date of a taxpayer's state income tax 17 return, excluding extensions, whichever is later. 18 Provided, a deduction for the same contribution may 19 not be taken for two (2) different taxable years. 20 In taxable years beginning after December 31, 2006, с. 21 deductions for contributions made pursuant to 22 subparagraph b of this paragraph shall be limited as 23 follows:

1 (1) for a taxpayer who qualified for the five-year 2 carryforward election and who takes a rollover or 3 nonqualified withdrawal during that period, the 4 tax deduction otherwise available pursuant to 5 subparagraph b of this paragraph shall be reduced 6 by the amount which is equal to the rollover or 7 nonqualified withdrawal, and

- (2)for a taxpayer who elects to take a rollover or 8 9 nonqualified withdrawal within the same tax year 10 in which a contribution was made to the 11 taxpayer's account, the tax deduction otherwise 12 available pursuant to subparagraph b of this 13 paragraph shall be reduced by the amount of the 14 contribution which is equal to the rollover or 15 nonqualified withdrawal.
- 16d. If a taxpayer elects to take a rollover on a17contribution for which a deduction has been taken18pursuant to subparagraph b of this paragraph within19one (1) year of the date of contribution, the amount20of such rollover shall be included in the adjusted21gross income of the taxpayer in the taxable year of22the rollover.

e. If a taxpayer makes a nonqualified withdrawal of
 contributions for which a deduction was taken pursuant

1 to subparagraph b of this paragraph, such nonqualified 2 withdrawal and any earnings thereon shall be included in the adjusted gross income of the taxpayer in the 3 4 taxable year of the nonqualified withdrawal. 5 f. As used in this paragraph: 6 "non-qualified withdrawal" means a withdrawal (1) 7 from an Oklahoma College Savings Plan account other than one of the following: 8 9 (a) a qualified withdrawal, 10 a withdrawal made as a result of the death (b) 11 or disability of the designated beneficiary 12 of an account, 13 (C) a withdrawal that is made on the account of 14 a scholarship or the allowance or payment 15 described in Section 135(d)(1)(B) or (C) or 16 by the Internal Revenue Code, received by 17 the designated beneficiary to the extent the 18 amount of the refund does not exceed the 19 amount of the scholarship, allowance, or 20 payment, or 21 a rollover or change of designated (d) 22 beneficiary as permitted by subsection F of 23 Section 3970.7 of Title 70 of Oklahoma 24 Statutes, and

(2) "rollover" means the transfer of funds from the Oklahoma College Savings Plan to any other plan under Section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code.

4 18. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2005,
5 retirement benefits received by an individual from any component of
6 the Armed Forces of the United States in an amount not to exceed the
7 greater of seventy-five percent (75%) of such benefits or Ten
8 Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00) shall be exempt from taxable income
9 but in no case less than the amount of the exemption provided by
10 paragraph 14 of this subsection.

19. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2006,
retirement benefits received by federal civil service retirees,
including survivor annuities, paid in lieu of Social Security
benefits shall be exempt from taxable income to the extent such
benefits are included in the federal adjusted gross income pursuant
to the provisions of Section 86 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26
U.S.C., Section 86, according to the following schedule:

18a.in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2007, twenty19percent (20%) of such benefits shall be exempt,20b.in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2008, forty21percent (40%) of such benefits shall be exempt,22c.in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2009, sixty23percent (60%) of such benefits shall be exempt,

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- d. in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2010, eighty
 percent (80%) of such benefits shall be exempt, and
 e. in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2011, and
 subsequent taxable years, one hundred percent (100%)
 of such benefits shall be exempt.
- For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2007, a 6 20. a. 7 resident individual may deduct up to Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00) from Oklahoma adjusted gross 8 9 income if the individual, or the dependent of the 10 individual, while living, donates one or more human 11 organs of the individual to another human being for human organ transplantation. As used in this 12 13 paragraph, "human organ" means all or part of a liver, 14 pancreas, kidney, intestine, lung, or bone marrow. Α 15 deduction that is claimed under this paragraph may be 16 claimed in the taxable year in which the human organ 17 transplantation occurs.
- 18 b. An individual may claim this deduction only once, and 19 the deduction may be claimed only for unreimbursed 20 expenses that are incurred by the individual and 21 related to the organ donation of the individual. 22 с. The Oklahoma Tax Commission shall promulgate rules to 23 implement the provisions of this paragraph which shall 24 contain a specific list of expenses which may be

presumed to qualify for the deduction. The Tax
 Commission shall prescribe necessary requirements for
 verification.

4 21. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2009, there
5 shall be exempt from taxable income any amount received by the
6 beneficiary of the death benefit for an emergency medical technician
7 or a registered emergency medical responder provided by Section 18 2505.1 of Title 63 of the Oklahoma Statutes.

9 22. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2008,
10 taxable income shall be increased by any unemployment compensation
11 exempted under Section 85(c) of the Internal Revenue Code, 26
12 U.S.C., Section 85(c) (2009).

13 23. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2008, there 14 shall be exempt from taxable income any payment in an amount less 15 than Six Hundred Dollars (\$600.00) received by a person as an award 16 for participation in a competitive livestock show event. For 17 purposes of this paragraph, the payment shall be treated as a 18 scholarship amount paid by the entity sponsoring the event and the 19 sponsoring entity shall cause the payment to be categorized as a 20 scholarship in its books and records.

21 24. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2016, 22 taxable income shall be increased by any amount of state and local 23 sales or income taxes deducted under 26 U.S.C., Section 164 of the 24 Internal Revenue Code. If the amount of state and local taxes

1 deducted on the federal return is limited, taxable income on the 2 state return shall be increased only by the amount actually deducted 3 after any such limitations are applied.

F. 1. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2004, a
deduction from the Oklahoma adjusted gross income of any individual
taxpayer shall be allowed for qualifying gains receiving capital
treatment that are included in the federal adjusted gross income of
such individual taxpayer during the taxable year.

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2. As used in this subsection:

10a. "qualifying gains receiving capital treatment" means11the amount of net capital gains, as defined in Section121222(11) of the Internal Revenue Code, included in an13individual taxpayer's federal income tax return that14result from:

(1) the sale of real property or tangible personal
property located within Oklahoma that has been
directly or indirectly owned by the individual
taxpayer for a holding period of at least five
(5) years prior to the date of the transaction
from which such net capital gains arise,
(2) the sale of stock or the sale of a direct or

22 indirect ownership interest in an Oklahoma 23 company, limited liability company, or 24 partnership where such stock or ownership interest has been directly or indirectly owned by the individual taxpayer for a holding period of at least two (2) years prior to the date of the transaction from which the net capital gains arise, or

- 6 (3) the sale of real property, tangible personal 7 property or intangible personal property located within Oklahoma as part of the sale of all or 8 9 substantially all of the assets of an Oklahoma 10 company, limited liability company, or 11 partnership or an Oklahoma proprietorship 12 business enterprise where such property has been 13 directly or indirectly owned by such entity or 14 business enterprise or owned by the owners of 15 such entity or business enterprise for a period 16 of at least two (2) years prior to the date of 17 the transaction from which the net capital gains 18 arise,
- b. "holding period" means an uninterrupted period of
 time. The holding period shall include any additional
 period when the property was held by another
 individual or entity, if such additional period is
 included in the taxpayer's holding period for the
 asset pursuant to the Internal Revenue Code,

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- c. "Oklahoma company," "limited liability company," or
 "partnership" means an entity whose primary
 headquarters have been located in Oklahoma for at
 least three (3) uninterrupted years prior to the date
 of the transaction from which the net capital gains
 arise,
 - d. "direct" means the individual taxpayer directly owns the asset,
- 9 e. "indirect" means the individual taxpayer owns an 10 interest in a pass-through entity (or chain of pass-11 through entities) that sells the asset that gives rise 12 to the qualifying gains receiving capital treatment.
- 13 (1) With respect to sales of real property or 14 tangible personal property located within 15 Oklahoma, the deduction described in this 16 subsection shall not apply unless the pass-17 through entity that makes the sale has held the 18 property for not less than five (5) uninterrupted 19 years prior to the date of the transaction that 20 created the capital gain, and each pass-through 21 entity included in the chain of ownership has 22 been a member, partner, or shareholder of the 23 pass-through entity in the tier immediately below
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it for an uninterrupted period of not less than five (5) years.

3 (2) With respect to sales of stock or ownership 4 interest in or sales of all or substantially all 5 of the assets of an Oklahoma company, limited 6 liability company, partnership or Oklahoma 7 proprietorship business enterprise, the deduction described in this subsection shall not apply 8 9 unless the pass-through entity that makes the 10 sale has held the stock or ownership interest for 11 not less than two (2) uninterrupted years prior 12 to the date of the transaction that created the 13 capital gain, and each pass-through entity 14 included in the chain of ownership has been a 15 member, partner or shareholder of the pass-16 through entity in the tier immediately below it 17 for an uninterrupted period of not less than two 18 (2) years. For purposes of this division, 19 uninterrupted ownership prior to July 1, 2007, 20 shall be included in the determination of the 21 required holding period prescribed by this 22 division, and 23

f. "Oklahoma proprietorship business enterprise" means a business enterprise whose income and expenses have

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been reported on Schedule C or F of an individual taxpayer's federal income tax return, or any similar successor schedule published by the Internal Revenue Service and whose primary headquarters have been located in Oklahoma for at least three (3) uninterrupted years prior to the date of the

7 transaction from which the net capital gains arise.
8 G. 1. For purposes of computing its Oklahoma taxable income
9 under this section, the dividends-paid deduction otherwise allowed
10 by federal law in computing net income of a real estate investment
11 trust that is subject to federal income tax shall be added back in
12 computing the tax imposed by this state under this title if the real
13 estate investment trust is a captive real estate investment trust.

14 2. For purposes of computing its Oklahoma taxable income under 15 this section, a taxpayer shall add back otherwise deductible rents 16 and interest expenses paid to a captive real estate investment trust 17 that is not subject to the provisions of paragraph 1 of this 18 subsection. As used in this subsection:

19a. the term "real estate investment trust" or "REIT"20means the meaning ascribed to such term in Section 85621of the Internal Revenue Code,

b. the term "captive real estate investment trust" means
a real estate investment trust, the shares or
beneficial interests of which are not regularly traded

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1 on an established securities market and more than 2 fifty percent (50%) of the voting power or value of the beneficial interests or shares of which are owned 3 4 or controlled, directly or indirectly, or 5 constructively, by a single entity that is: (1) treated as an association taxable as a 6 7 corporation under the Internal Revenue Code, and (2) not exempt from federal income tax pursuant to 8 9 the provisions of Section 501(a) of the Internal 10 Revenue Code. 11 The term shall not include a real estate investment 12 trust that is intended to be regularly traded on an 13 established securities market, and that satisfies the 14 requirements of Section 856(a)(5) and (6) of the U.S. 15 Internal Revenue Code by reason of Section 856(h)(2) 16 of the Internal Revenue Code, 17 the term "association taxable as a corporation" shall с. 18 not include the following entities: 19 any real estate investment trust as defined in (1)20 paragraph subparagraph a of this subsection 21 paragraph other than a "captive real estate 22 investment trust", or 23 any qualified real estate investment trust (2) 24 subsidiary under Section 856(i) of the Internal

1 Revenue Code, other than a qualified REIT subsidiary of a "captive real estate investment trust", or

4 (3) any Listed Australian Property Trust (meaning an 5 Australian unit trust registered as a "Managed 6 Investment Scheme" under the Australian 7 Corporations Act in which the principal class of units is listed on a recognized stock exchange in 8 9 Australia and is regularly traded on an 10 established securities market), or an entity 11 organized as a trust, provided that a Listed 12 Australian Property Trust owns or controls, 13 directly or indirectly, seventy-five percent 14 (75%) or more of the voting power or value of the 15 beneficial interests or shares of such trust, or 16 any Qualified Foreign Entity, meaning a (4)

> corporation, trust, association or partnership organized outside the laws of the United States and which satisfies the following criteria:

at least seventy-five percent (75%) of the (a) entity's total asset value at the close of its taxable year is represented by real estate assets, as defined in Section 856(c)(5)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code,

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| 1 | | thereby including shares or certificates of |
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| 2 | | beneficial interest in any real estate |
| 3 | | investment trust, cash and cash equivalents, |
| 4 | | and U.S. Government securities, |
| 5 | (b) | the entity receives a dividend-paid |
| 6 | | deduction comparable to Section 561 of the |
| 7 | | Internal Revenue Code, or is exempt from |
| 8 | | entity level tax, |
| 9 | (c) | the entity is required to distribute at |
| 10 | | least eighty-five percent (85%) of its |
| 11 | | taxable income, as computed in the |
| 12 | | jurisdiction in which it is organized, to |
| 13 | | the holders of its shares or certificates of |
| 14 | | beneficial interest on an annual basis, |
| 15 | (d) | not more than ten percent (10%) of the |
| 16 | | voting power or value in such entity is held |
| 17 | | directly or indirectly or constructively by |
| 18 | | a single entity or individual, or the shares |
| 19 | | or beneficial interests of such entity are |
| 20 | | regularly traded on an established |
| 21 | | securities market, and |
| 22 | (e) | the entity is organized in a country which |
| 23 | | has a tax treaty with the United States. |
| 24 | | |
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3. For purposes of this subsection, the constructive ownership
 rules of Section 318(a) of the Internal Revenue Code, as modified by
 Section 856(d)(5) of the Internal Revenue Code, shall apply in
 determining the ownership of stock, assets, or net profits of any
 person.

6 4. A real estate investment trust that does not become 7 regularly traded on an established securities market within one (1) year of the date on which it first becomes a real estate investment 8 9 trust shall be deemed not to have been regularly traded on an 10 established securities market, retroactive to the date it first 11 became a real estate investment trust, and shall file an amended 12 return reflecting such retroactive designation for any tax year or 13 part year occurring during its initial year of status as a real 14 estate investment trust. For purposes of this subsection, a real 15 estate investment trust becomes a real estate investment trust on 16 the first day it has both met the requirements of Section 856 of the 17 Internal Revenue Code and has elected to be treated as a real estate 18 investment trust pursuant to Section 856(c)(1) of the Internal 19 Revenue Code. 20 SECTION 2. This act shall become effective November 1, 2021. 21

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| 1 | Passed the House of Representatives the 8th day of March, 2021. |
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| 3 | |
| 4 | Presiding Officer of the House of Representatives |
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| 6 | Passed the Senate the day of, 2021. |
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| 8 | Presiding Officer of the Senate |
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